

# CIP-003-8 Best Practices and Challenges

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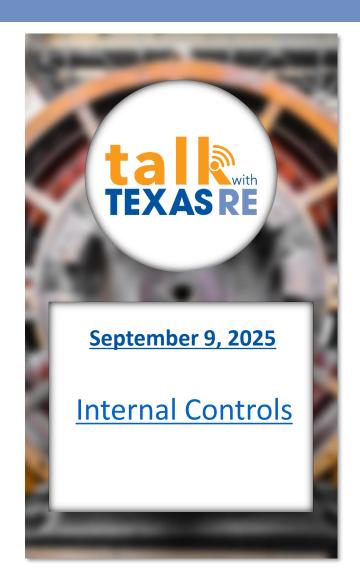
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#### **Upcoming Texas RE Events**











#### **Upcoming Texas RE Events**











#### **Upcoming ERO Enterprise Events**



Date	Event
August 21	Reliability & Security Oversight Monthly Update (WECC)
August 26	SCOOP – Cyber Event (SERC)
September 3	Reliability in the West: Large Load System Performance (WECC)
September 8	Fall Reliability & Security Summit (RF)
September 9	System Operator Conference #3 (SERC)





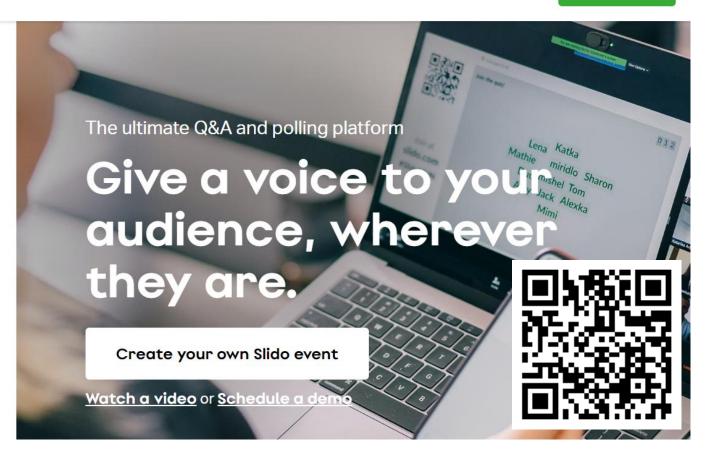
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**R2** 

Attachment 1

What's Next?

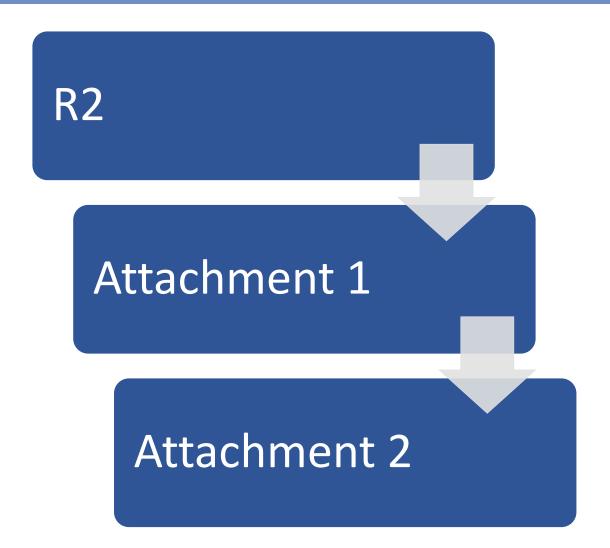




#### CIP-003-8 R2

#### **R2**

Each Responsible Entity with at least one asset identified in CIP-002 containing low impact BES Cyber Systems shall implement one or more documented cyber security plan(s) for its low impact BES Cyber Systems that include the sections in Attachment 1







# **Cyber Security Plans**

#### **Section 1**

Cyber Security Awareness

#### **Section 2**

Physical Security Controls

#### **Section 3**

Electronic Access Controls

#### **Section 4**

Cyber Security Incident Response

#### **Section 5**

Malicious Code Mitigation





#### **Section 1 – Cyber Security Awareness**



Reinforce every 15 calendar months



Different ways to raise awareness





#### **Section 1 – Cyber Security Awareness**

# **Best Practices**



Direct communication



Indirect communication



Management support





#### **Section 2 – Physical Security Controls**

# **Control Physical Access**



Asset or locations of Bulk Electric System (BES) Cyber Systems (BCSs)



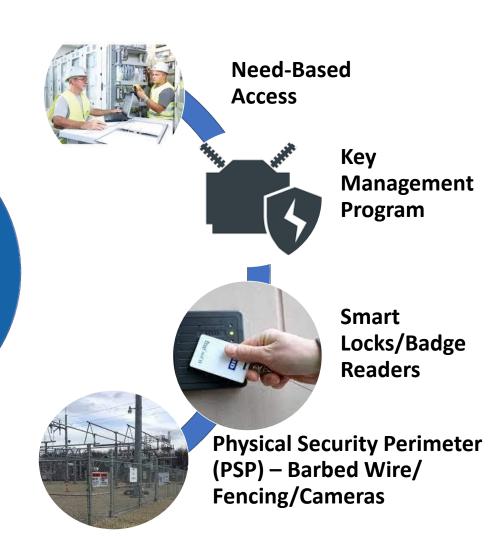
**Electronic Access Controls Cyber Assets** 





#### **Section 2 – Physical Security Controls**

Layered Physical Access Controls







#### **Section 3 – Electronic Access Controls**

# 3.1 Permit only necessary inbound and outbound electronic access

- Between a low impact BCS and Cyber Asset
- Using a routable protocol when entering or leaving
- Not used for time-sensitive protection or control functions between intelligent electronic devices

#### 3.2 Authenticate all dial-up connectivity





#### **Section 3 – Electronic Access Controls**





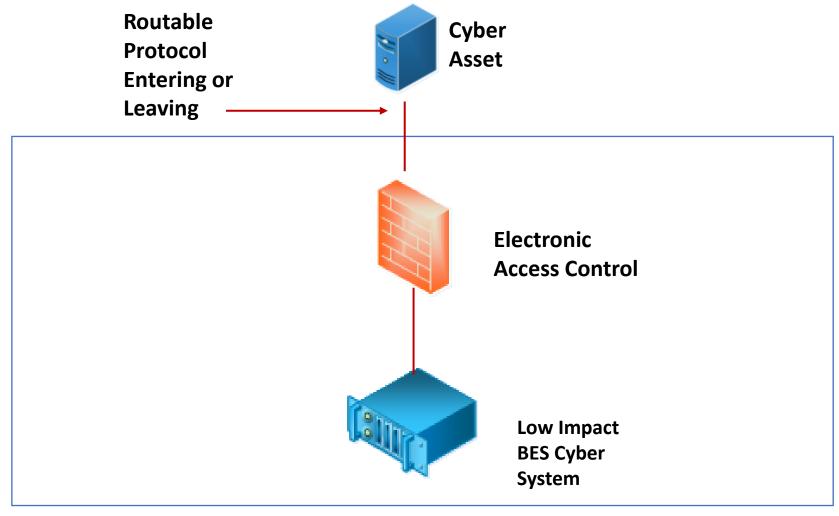
Permit only what is truly necessary

Review
Electronic Access
Controls lists





#### **Section 3 – Electronic Access Controls**







#### **Section 4 – Cyber Security Incident Response**



Identify, Classify, and Respond



Determination of Reportable Cyber Security Incident and Notification



Testing & Maintenance





#### **Section 4 – Cyber Security Incident Response**

# Test on Reportable Cyber Security Incident

Reportable Cyber Security:
NERC-defined term

Test on applicable systems





#### **Section 4 – Cyber Security Incident Response**

# Test Frequently

Simulate real-life Cyber Security Incidents

Participate at Grid Security Exercise (GridEx)

Involve local, state, and federal government

Incorporate lessons learned

Stress the plan





# Section 5 – Transient Cyber Asset (TCA) and Removable Media (RM) Malicious Code Risk Mitigation

### TCA

TCAs managed by Responsible Entity

TCAs managed by third party

Additional mitigation

## RM

Method to detect malicious code

Mitigation of the threat of detected malicious code





#### **Section 5 – Transient Cyber Asset (TCA)**

#### **TCA Managed by Entity**

#### **Ongoing or On-demand**

Antivirus software

Application whitelisting

Other method(s)





#### **Section 5 – Transient Cyber Asset (TCA)**

#### TCA NOT Managed by Entity



#### **Prior to Connecting**

Antivirus update level and process

Application whitelisting

Operating system and software executable only from read-only media

System hardening

Other method(s)

Mitigation actions





#### **Section 5 – Removable Media (RM)**

# Removable Media

Method(s) to detect malicious code

Mitigation of the threat of detected malicious code





#### CIP-003-8 R2 Attachment 2



**Section 2.** Physical Security Controls: Examples of evidence for Section 2 may include, but are not limited to:

- Documentation of the selected access control(s) (e.g., card key, locks, perimeter controls), monitoring controls (e.g., alarm systems, human observation), or other operational, procedural, or technical physical security controls that control physical access to both:
  - The asset, if any, or the locations of the low impact BES Cyber Systems within the asset; and
  - The Cyber Asset(s) specified by the Responsible Entity that provide(s)
    electronic access controls implemented for Attachment 1, Section 3.1, if any.





#### **What's Next?**

#### CIP-003-9

- Vendor Electronic
   Remote Access
   Security Controls
- •April 1, 2026

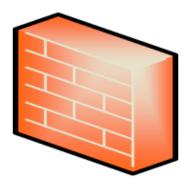






#### **Section 6 – Vendor Electronic Remote Access Security Controls**

# 3.1 - Electronic Access Controls



Routable Protocol: Entering <u>or</u> Leaving

- Section 6. Vendor Electronic Remote Access Security Controls: For assets containing low impact BES Cyber System(s) identified pursuant to CIP-002, that allow vendor electronic remote access, the Responsible Entity shall implement a process to mitigate risks associated with vendor electronic remote access, where such access has been established under Section 3.1. These processes shall include:
  - **6.1** One or more method(s) for determining vendor electronic remote access;
  - **6.2** One or more method(s) for disabling vendor electronic remote access; and
  - 6.3 One or more method(s) for detecting known or suspected inbound and outbound malicious communications for vendor electronic remote access.





